Contents

| Tomáš Sobotka, Éva Beaujouan and Jan Van Bavel | 1 |
|---|----|
| Demographic Debate | |
| The future fertility of highly educated women: the role of educational composition shifts and labor market barriers | 19 |
| Education empowers women to reach their personal fertility target, regardless of what the target is | 27 |
| Will highly educated women have more children in the future? Looking at reproductive plans and outcomes | 33 |
| What do men want? The growing importance of men's characteristics for fertility | 41 |
| Will highly educated women have more children in the future? In Southern Europe, it will largely depend on labour market conditions Diego Ramiro-Fariñas, Francisco J. Viciana-Fernández and Víctor Montañés Cobo | 49 |
| Education, gender revolution, and fertility recovery | 55 |
| Review Article | |
| Education and fertility in the context of rising inequality | 63 |
| Refereed Articles | |
| Cross-national differences in the association between educational attainment and completed fertility. Do welfare regimes matter? | 95 |

| The role of values and of socioeconomic status in the education-fertility link among men and women | . 121 |
|--|-------|
| Pathways to marital and non-marital first birth: the role of his and her education | . 143 |
| Differences in partnership and marital status at first birth by women's and their partners' education: evidence from Britain 1991–2012 | . 181 |
| Do different educational pairings lead to different fertility outcomes? A cohort perspective for the Greek case | . 215 |
| Educational field and fertility in western Germany: an analysis of women born between 1955 and 1959 | . 239 |
| Fertility and education among British Asian women: a success story of social mobility? | . 269 |
| The educational gradient of fertility intentions: a meta-analysis of European studies | . 293 |